Table MD-1. Saskatchewan Meteorite Find Locations<sup>1</sup>

Location	Find date	Identified	Typeª	Mass (kg)
Annaheim	1916	1916	Iron	11.8
Blaine Lake	1974	1974	Stone	1.9
Bruno	1931	1931	Iron	13
Burstall	1992	1992	Iron	0.4
Cartherwood	1965	1965	Stone	3.9
Delaine Lake	2000	2000b	Stone	3
Fillmore	1916	1968	Iron	0.1
Garden Head	1944	1964	Iron	1.3
Hodgeville	1970	1996	Stone	7
Kinley	1965	1968	Stone	2
Kyle	1980	2000b	Stone	7
Red Deer Hill	1975	1975	Stone	~30°
Springwater	1931	1931	Stony-iron	67.7 <sup>d</sup>
Wynyard	1968	1982	Stone	3.5

All of the Saskatchewan meteorite finds have been made serendipitously, and no unambiguous date exists on their actual fall dates. In many cases the meteorites were collected by farmers clearing their fields of rocks. Columns two and three distinguish between the year in which a meteorite was physically found and the year in which it was first identified as a meteorite. Key:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A detailed description of the various meteorite types can be found at the webpage of the Meteorite and Impact Advisory Committee to the Canadian Space Agency (MIAC)—http://miac.uquac.ca/MIAC/MIAC.html. <sup>b</sup> Identified by the Prairie Meteorite Search—http://www.geo.ucalgary.ca/PMSearch.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Numerous fragments from the Red Deer Hill meteorite have been found since 1975, and it is the estimated total recovered mass that is given in column five.

d Three meteorite fragments were actually found in Springwater, and the combined mass is given in column five. The Springwater meteorite was the very first example of a stony-iron meteorite (or pallasite) to be found in Canada.